Year 10 – Play Romeo and Juliet

Big Question: How does Shakespeare explore the theme of violence and conflict?

Cultural Capital: Exploring human nature and the consequences of our actions

Deep Learning Focus	Knowledge and Skills	Resources	Differentiation	Key Words
How is conflict presented in the Prologue?	 Renaissance drama Italian setting Exploring theme and context Analysing methods: Language and structure Commenting on effects: audience Selecting evidence/ Annotating Setting 	Prologue Oak Academy: • Shakespeare's Romeo and Juliet: The Prologue (thenational.academy) Complete text of Romeo and Juliet • Romeo and Juliet (complete text) : : Open Source Shakespeare Link to Baz Luhrmann's film adaptation of Romeo and Juliet: • Romeo And Juliet (1996) 1080p ♥ (ok.ru) Additional resources to use throughout the unit from BBC Bitesize: • Romeo and Juliet - Plot summary - Plot summary - AQA - GCSE English Literature Revision - AQA - BBC Bitesize • Romeo and Juliet - Characters overview - Characters - AQA - GCSE English Literature Revision - AQA - BBC Bitesize	Support: • Grids to support • Modern translation Challenge: • Write the prologue in the form of a blurb	Conflict Juxtaposition Prologue Sonnet Tragedy Elizabethan Jacobean

How is conflict presented through misogyny, expressing the Patriarchal society of the Elizabethan era? How is family conflict and violence presented	 Patriarchal society of the Elizabethan era Exploring theme and context Analysing methods: Language and structure Exploding quotations Using subject terminology accurately Selecting evidence/ Annotating Setting and context Predictions Elizabethan values: family honour and Deliver the set of the set of	 <u>Romeo and Juliet - Themes Overview - Themes -</u> <u>AQA - GCSE English Literature Revision - AQA -</u> <u>BBC Bitesize</u> <u>Introduction to form, structure and language in</u> <u>Romeo and Juliet - Form, structure and language -</u> <u>AQA - GCSE English Literature Revision - AQA -</u> <u>BBC Bitesize</u> <u>Introduction and overview of Romeo and Juliet -</u> <u>Dramatisation - AQA - GCSE English Literature</u> <u>Revision - AQA - BBC Bitesize</u> <u>Act 1 scene 1: Sampson and Gregory</u> <u>Mr Bruff:</u> <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A04zoulMlbs</u> <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A04zoulMlbs</u> <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AJzyEA1KCs</u> 	Support: Modern translation Glossary Video clip Challenge: Why do you think Tybalt behaves the way he does? Why do you think he might be an important character later on? Support: Support:	Misogyny Sexism hyperbole Patriarchy Feuds
Checkpoint: How does Shakespeare present the Prince as an authoritative figure?	 Patriarchy. Characterisation Exploring theme and context Analysing methods: Language and structure Exploding quotations Using subject terminology accurately Selecting evidence/ Annotating Making predictions 	 <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vv8D103-sdg</u> <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FRxwEPeWH-c</u> Mr Bruff: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yEZeY2j5ZjI</u> <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vv8D103-sdg</u> 	 Shorter extracts when analysing Glossary Modern translation Challenge: How different are the families in Romeo and Juliet's time to modern day gangs? Independent annotations 	reuus
How does Shakespeare present Romeo's inner conflict? Why does Shakespeare want to present Romeo and Tybalt so differently to each other at the start of the play?	 Understanding how Shakespeare presents characters and his purpose. Making connections to the conflict of the family feud. Characterisation and motivation: Romeo Exploring theme and context Analysing methods: Language and structure 	Act 1 scene 1: Introduction to Romeo Oak Academy: • Introducing Romeo (thenational.academy) Mr Bruff: • https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FMFcAPUZIFU • https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m1g_OP-5Je4	Support: • Shorter extracts when analysing • Glossary • Modern translation Challenge: • Why does Shakespeare introduce Romeo to us after having shown the battle	Oxymoron Unrequited Love Protagonist Antagonist

How does Shakespeare present Lord Capulet as a symbol of patriarchy in Act 1, Scene 2? What is the dramatic significance of Shakespeare introducing Juliet in this way?	 Exploding quotations Using subject terminology accurately Selecting evidence/ Annotating To analyse Juliet and Lord Capulet's characterisation, making links to Patriarchy and misogyny. Marriage in the Elizabethan Era Summarising Exploring theme and context Characterisation and motivation Analysing methods: Language and structure Exploding quotations Using subject terminology accurately Selecting evidence/ Annotating 	Act 1 scene 2: Lord Capulet and Paris Oak Academy: • <u>Courtly love (thenational.academy)</u> • <u>Introducing Juliet (thenational.academy)</u> Mr Bruff: • <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZxHglKm6240</u>	between Capulets and Montagues? Support: • Shorter extracts when analysing • Glossary • Modern translation Challenge: • What is the significance of following this conversation with a conversation between Romeo and Benvolio?	Connotations stereotypical
How does Shakespeare present Romeo and Juliet's first meeting?	 Religious beliefs in Elizabethan era Exploring theme and context Characterisation and motivation Analysing methods: Language and structure Exploding quotations Using subject terminology accurately Selecting evidence/ Annotating Making predictions 	Act 1 scene 5: Shared Sonnet Oak Academy: • The lovers meet (thenational.academy) Summary of scene: • https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hldLlDEbhxk film version of scene: • https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Pk0dnGXOv20 Mr Bruff: • https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lE8VAolZ2xU	 Support: Provide a 'modern' translation of the scene as well as key quotations Challenge: What are considered 'romantic gestures' in our society? Why do you think Romeo decides to compare Juliet to a 'shrine'? How is trying to show himself to Juliet? 	Shared sonnet Religious imagery connotations Connotations Courtly love
Why did Shakespeare choose to present the theme of love and immediately juxtapose with conflict? How has Shakespeare structured the play so far to get the audience feeling as tense as possible?	 To analyse Tybalt and Romeo's conflict due to family honour. How language, structure and form contribute to writers' presentation of ideas, themes and settings. Exploring theme and context Characterisation and motivation Analysing methods: Language and structure Exploding quotations 	Act 1 scene 5: Tybalt and Romeo – Family Honour Stage version of scene: • <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YY85VwSHFmA</u>	 Support: Summary of scenes Recap: the Prince's warning about fighting in the streets. Challenge: Differentiated success criteria Success criteria: Include at least ONE example of juxtaposition 	Family Honour

Checkpoint: Romeo is preparing to find Juliet and speak to her after discovering she is a Capulet. Imagine you are Romeo and are writing a short speech to give to Juliet. How does the setting add a sense of danger to the scene? How does Shakespeare present Juliet's ability to make sense of the conflict between the families?	 Using subject terminology accurately Selecting evidence/ Annotating Making predictions To analyse the symbolism apparent on the Balcony, when Romeo and Juliet declare further love for one another. How Shakespeare challenges stereotypical views of women. Exploring theme and context Characterisation and motivation Analysing methods: Language and structure Exploding quotations Using subject terminology accurately Selecting evidence/ Annotating 	Act 2, Scene 2 The Balcony Scene Oak Academy: • The balcony scene (Part 1) (thenational.academy) • The balcony scene (Part 2) (thenational.academy) • The balcony scene (Part 2) (thenational.academy) Film version of scene: • https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=S0qao2xINsE Mr Bruff: • https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8WFjP4cX5dQ	 Include emotive language to get across Romeo's feelings Include hyperbole or exaggeration to emphasise Romeo's feelings Try to include imagery that contrasts images of love and hate together within your speech. Support: Summary of scenes/ Glossary Video clips Shorter extracts when analysing Challenge: Diana was the Roman goddess of the moon and virginity. What is Romeo asking Juliet to do? Find the examples of hyperbole that Romeo uses. What type of language techniques does Romeo use to make himself seem heroic? 	Symbolism Forbidden love Courtship Allusion Hyperbole
How important is Friar Lawrence in Romeo and Juliet's journey?	 To analyse the importance of Friar Lawrence in Romeo and Juliet's journey. Evaluate the ways in which Shakespeare presents Friar Lawrence as different to Romeo 	Act 2 scene 3 Summary of scene: • <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eD0yiCEClvc</u> Guided reading: • <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=S5birN-lahA</u> Mr Bruff:	Support: • Summary of scenes • Video clips • Shorter extracts when analysing • Gloscom	Soliloquy Foreshadowing Personification Fate/ destiny Superstition
Checkpoint: How does Shakespeare explore mankind's capacity for good and evil through the voice of Friar Lawrence?	 different to Romeo Fate in the Elizabethan Era Evaluating Shakespeare's methods and intentions Characterisation and motivation Comparing and contrasting Exploring theme and context Analysing methods: Language and structure Exploding quotations Using subject terminology accurately Selecting evidence/ Annotating Making predictions 	Mr Bruff: • <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TfafZP6aOjw</u> Act 2, Scene 6 Summary of scene: • <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rrfRRoZshdM</u> Oak Academy: • <u>The Wedding Scene (thenational.academy)</u> Mr Bruff: • <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jMnQJCWTlsk</u>	 Glossary Challenge: Why does Shakespeare have the Friar discuss good and bad before Romeo explains his plans for marriage? 	

What is the impact of the conflict in this scene? How is Romeo's inner conflict presented here?	 To analyse Shakespeare's intentions regarding the consequences of violence. Exploring theme and context Characterisation and motivation Analysing methods: Language and structure Exploding quotations Using subject terminology accurately Selecting evidence/ annotating Making links with elsewhere 	Act 3 scene 1 Film version of scene: • <u>https://vimeo.com/215964572</u> Oak Academy: • <u>A Plague O' Both your Houses'</u> (thenational.academy) Mr Bruff: • <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ODIPC9mYVgA</u>	 Support: Summary of scenes Knowledge organisers – prior scenes Shorter extracts when analysing Glossary Challenge: 'Effeminate' means being like a woman. How does Romeo link honour to masculinity here? 	Effeminate Dramatic irony Masculinity Reputation
How does Juliet's use of antithesis convey her inner conflict? How is Patriarchy presented through the Nurse's views?	 To analyse the Juliet's inner conflict rooting from her honour of her family and her love for Romeo. Exploring theme and context Characterisation and motivation Analysing methods: Language and structure Exploding quotations Using subject terminology accurately Selecting evidence/ annotating Making links with elsewhere 	Act 3 scene 2 inner conflict: Juliet Performance of soliloquy: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gOxzQCUGs0E</u> Oak Academy: Juliet's Soliloquy (thenational.academy) Banishment (thenational.academy) Mr Bruff: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hT0uhiPliXQ</u> <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9 WkxrKoR6w</u> 	 Support: Summary of scenes Video clips Shorter extracts when analysing Glossary Challenge: Why was Juliet told Romeo was banished at the same time she learned of Tybalt's death by Romeo's hand? How does this add to the drama and tragedy? 	Antithesis
Analyse the language used by Lord Capulet. How does this show his dominance and patriarchy?	 To analyse Juliet and Lord Capulet's characterisation, making links to Patriarchy and misogyny. Making predictions Exploring theme and context Characterisation and motivation Analysing methods: Language and 	Act 3 Scene 5 Lord Capulets: Rage Oak Academy: • The morning after the wedding Night (thenational.academy) • Lord Capulet and the Patriarchy (thenational.academy) Film version of scene:	Support: Summary of scenes Video clips Shorter extracts when analysing Glossary Support questions for checkpoint: 	Derogatory Patriarchal Stereotype
Checkpoint: A student said, "Lord Capulet is a cruel and controlling father, who doesn't care about the wellbeing of his daughter". How far do you agree? Use your knowledge from the scenes you	structure Exploding quotations Using subject terminology accurately Selecting evidence/ annotating Making links with elsewhere Writing for purpose	 <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aaiDBARt6u4</u> Summary of scene: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=k2OYI9pM3K4</u> Stage version of the scene: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7rkAe_517to</u> <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=D9mUUgTf981</u> 	 What is your opinion about Juliet's father? Is he right to be angry and so vicious to his daughter? Why? Why not? Challenge questions for checkpoint: Extension: Do you think Elizabethan society would have looked differently on her 	

have explored to answer this question.			 father's behaviour as we do now? Why might that be? Why might Juliet be unlikely to tell her parents about her marriage to Romeo? 	
What are the strengths and weaknesses of the Friar's plan?	 Explore Shakespeare's craft and intentions: How does he continue to build tension and suspense? Making predictions Exploring theme and context Characterisation and motivation Analysing methods: Language and structure Exploding quotations Using subject terminology accurately Selecting evidence/ annotating Making links with elsewhere 	Oak Academy: The Friar's plan (thenational.academy) Summary of scene: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EzW5HWshyWw Mr Bruff: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r36q45SGcIM https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sM7DBE8nJls	Support: Summary of scenes Video clips Shorter extracts when analysing Glossary Challenge: Make predictions regarding the various problems that may occur with the Friar's plan. 	
Why has Capulet suddenly changed the wedding to 'tomorrow'? How could this impact the Friar's plan? What different thoughts and fears go through Juliet's head before taking the poison? Use quotes to support your ideas.	 Explore Shakespeare's craft and intentions: how does he continue to shape the audience's reactions and perceptions? Making predictions Exploring theme and context Characterisation and motivation Analysing methods: Language and structure Exploding quotations Using subject terminology accurately Selecting evidence/ annotating Making links with elsewhere 	Act 4 scene 3 Juliet's soliloquy clutching vial Oak Academy: <u>Juliet's 'Death' (thenational.academy)</u> Summary of scene: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BB2i4z-5h74</u> Mr Bruff: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UHK9IUr9RRE</u>	Support: Summary of scenes Video clips Shorter extracts when analysing Glossary Challenge: Evaluate how this soliloquy builds up a sense of suspense for the audience, include reference to both quotes and language techniques within your answer. 	
How does Shakespeare use this scene to build tension and suspense?	 Exploring Shakespeare's stagecraft Exploring the consequences of violence and conflict Making predictions Exploring theme and context Characterisation and motivation Analysing methods: Language and structure Exploding quotations Using subject terminology accurately 	Act 4 scene 5 reactions to her supposed death Summary of scene: • <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KgMqGG3ENeM</u> Mr Bruff: • <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=H7g4v1hVLOs</u>	Support: Summary of scenes Video clips Shorter extracts when analysing Glossary Challenge: Read through this short soliloquy from Romeo. What is he intending to do when he 	Dramatic irony Soliloquy

	 Selecting evidence/ annotating Making links with elsewhere 		gets back to Verona? Try to find quotes to support your interpretation.	
Is this a powerful ending to Romeo and Juliet's relationship? Why? Why not? What is the significance of the ending (consider the didactic message of the play)?	 Exploring Shakespeare's stagecraft Making personal judgements regarding his message to the audience Making predictions Exploring theme and context Characterisation and motivation Analysing methods: Language and structure Exploding quotations Using subject terminology accurately Selecting evidence/ annotating Making links with elsewhere 	Act 5 scene 3 Death/ Prince's speech Oak Academy: I Defy Thee, Stars! (thenational.academy) The Lovers' Tragic End (thenational.academy) The Reconciliation (thenational.academy) Love and conflict (thenational.academy) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fFHV7o4SSZ8 Mr Bruff: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5SKbE6oSIUA https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PfnDT29ZBIQ	 Support: Summary of scenes Video clips Shorter extracts when analysing Glossary Challenge: Discussion: What do you think about this? Is this a fitting tribute to Romeo and Juliet or entirely wrong? Why? Why does the play finish with a rhyming couplet? 	Rhyming couplet Structure Circular structure Loose ends Tragedy Feud